UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark	One)
-------	------

(Mark	One)			
	For the quarterly period end	to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securi		
		Commission File	Number: 0-12919	
	RAV	E RESTAURA	ANT GROU	P, INC.
		(Exact name of registrant	as specified in its charter)	
(8	Missou State or other jurisdiction of inc		(I.R.S. 1	45-3189287 Employer Identification No.)
		The Colony (Address of princip	o Parkway Texas 75056 pal executive offices) Code)	
		(Registrant's te including	84-5000 lephone number, area code) nt to Section 12(b) of the Act:	
	Title of each class	Trading	Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
	Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	RA	AVE	Nasdaq Capital Market
		for such shorter period that the regi		on 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of h reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing
				a File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule od that the registrant was required to submit such
		lefinitions of "large accelerated file		on-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company ller reporting company and "emerging growth
_	ccelerated filer \square	Accelerated filer □	Non-accelerated file	Smaller reporting company ☑
any new		r, indicate by check mark if the registandards provided pursuant to Section		ne extended transition period for complying with \Box
	Indicate by check mark whether	the registrant is a shell company (as	defined in Rule 12b-2 of the	Exchange Act). Yes □ No ☑

As of January 25, 2024, 14,586,566 shares of the issuer's common stock were outstanding.

RAVE RESTAURANT GROUP, INC.

<u>Index</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.	<u>Financial Statements</u>	<u>Page</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited) for the three and six months ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022	3
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 24, 2023 (unaudited) and June 25, 2023	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (unaudited) for the three and six months ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the six months ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022	6
	Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	13
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	21
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	21
PART II. OT	HER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	23
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	23
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds</u>	23
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	23
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	23
Item 5.	Other Information	23
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	24
<u>Signatures</u>		25
	2	

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

RAVE RESTAURANT GROUP, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended				
		ember 24, 2023		nber 25, 022	December 2023	· 24,	Dece	ember 25, 2022	
REVENUES:	\$	2,792	\$	2,866	\$ 5	,881	\$	5,871	
COSTS AND EXPENSES:									
General and administrative expenses		1,341		1,453	2	,660		2,796	
Franchise expenses		844		867	2	,016		2,069	
Impairment of long-lived assets and other lease charges						_		5	
Bad debt expense		10		5		35		9	
Interest expense				_		_		1	
Depreciation and amortization expense		57		53		112		104	
Total costs and expenses		2,252		2,378	4	,823		4,984	
	<u>'</u>								
INCOME BEFORE TAXES		540		488	1	,058		887	
Income tax benefit (expense)		13		(140)		(119)		(232)	
NET INCOME	\$	553	\$	348	\$	939	\$	655	
INCOME PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK - BASIC:	\$	0.04	\$	0.02	\$	0.07	\$	0.04	
INCOME PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK - DILUTED:	\$	0.04	\$	0.02	\$	0.07	\$	0.04	
	===								
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic		14,444		16,351	14	,299		16,491	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted		14,465		16,351	14	,319		16,491	

RAVE RESTAURANT GROUP, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Dec	ember 24, 2023	J	une 25, 2023
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,306	\$	5,328
Accounts receivable, less allowance for bad debts of \$23 and \$58, respectively		1,193		1,145
Notes receivable, current		82		105
Assets held for sale		37		19
Deferred contract charges, current		30		33
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		458		204
Total current assets		7,106		6,834
LONG-TERM ASSETS				
Property and equipment, net		208		258
Operating lease right of use assets, net		1,008		1,227
Intangible assets definite-lived, net		294		328
Notes receivable, net of current portion		61		28
Deferred tax asset, net		5,271		5,342
Deferred contract charges, net of current portion		212		220
Total assets	\$	14,160	\$	14,237
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	653	\$	502
Accrued expenses		449		891
Operating lease liabilities, current		432		463
Deferred revenues, current		163		342
Total current liabilities		1,697		2,198
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		740		958
Deferred revenues, net of current portion		622		690
Total liabilities		3,059		3,846
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (SEE NOTE C)				
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized 26,000,000 shares; issued 25,522,171 and 25,090,058 shares,				
respectively; outstanding 14,586,566 and 14,154,453 shares, respectively		255		251
Additional paid-in capital		37,496		37,729
Retained earnings		3,378		2,439
Treasury stock, at cost				
Shares in treasury: 10,935,605 and 10,935,605 respectively		(30,028)		(30,028)
Total shareholders' equity		11,101		10,391
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	14,160	\$	14,237

RAVE RESTAURANT GROUP, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Commo	n Stoc	k					Treasur	y Sı	tock		
	Shares	A	mount		Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	Shares		Amount		Total
Balance, June 26, 2022	25,090	\$	251	\$	37,384	\$	826	(7,579)	\$	(25,049)	\$	13,412
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_		86		_	_		_		86
Purchase of treasury stock	_		_		_			(1,111)		(1,384)		(1,384)
Net income Balance, September 25,							307					307
2022	25,090	\$	251	\$	37,470	\$	1,133	(8,690)	\$	(26,433)	\$	12,421
Stock-based												
compensation expense	_		_		87		_	_		_		87
Purchase of treasury stock	_		_		_		_	(2,246)		(3,595)		(3,595)
Net income				_		_	348		_	_	_	348
Balance, December 25, 2022	25,090	\$	251	\$	37,557	\$	1,481	(10,936)	\$	(30,028)	\$	9,261
	Commo	n Stoc	l _z					Trassur	v S1	tock		
	Commo	on Stoc	k		Additional			Treasur	y Sı	tock		
	Commo		k mount		Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	Treasur	y Sı	Amount		Total
Balance, June 25, 2023				\$	Paid-in						\$	Total 10,391
Stock-based	Shares	A	mount		Paid-in Capital 37,729		Earnings	Shares		Amount	\$	10,391
	Shares	A	mount		Paid-in Capital		Earnings 2,439	Shares		Amount	\$	10,391 79
Stock-based compensation expense	Shares	A	mount		Paid-in Capital 37,729		Earnings	Shares		Amount	\$	10,391
Stock-based compensation expense Net income	Shares	A	mount		Paid-in Capital 37,729		Earnings 2,439	Shares		Amount	\$	10,391 79
Stock-based compensation expense Net income Balance, September 24, 2023 Stock-based	Shares 25,090	A \$	mount 251 — —	\$	Paid-in Capital 37,729 79 — 37,808	\$	2,439 2,439	Shares (10,936)	\$	Amount (30,028)		79 386 10,856
Stock-based compensation expense Net income Balance, September 24, 2023	Shares 25,090	A \$	mount 251 — —	\$	Paid-in Capital 37,729	\$	2,439 2,439	Shares (10,936)	\$	Amount (30,028)		79 386
Stock-based compensation expense Net income Balance, September 24, 2023 Stock-based compensation expense Purchase of treasury	Shares 25,090	A \$	mount 251 — —	\$	Paid-in Capital 37,729 79 — 37,808	\$	2,439 2,439 386 2,825	Shares (10,936)	\$	Amount (30,028)		79 386 10,856
Stock-based compensation expense Net income Balance, September 24, 2023 Stock-based compensation expense Purchase of treasury stock RSU vested and taxes paid on RSUs Net income	Shares 25,090 25,090	A \$	251	\$	Paid-in Capital 37,729 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79	\$	2,439 2,439	Shares (10,936)	\$	Amount (30,028)		10,391 79 386 10,856
Stock-based compensation expense Net income Balance, September 24, 2023 Stock-based compensation expense Purchase of treasury stock RSU vested and taxes paid on RSUs	Shares 25,090 25,090	A \$	251	\$	Paid-in Capital 37,729 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79	\$	2,439 2,439 386 2,825	Shares (10,936)	\$	Amount (30,028)		10,391 79 386 10,856 3 — (311)

RAVE RESTAURANT GROUP, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 939 \$ 0.00 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 939 \$ 0.00 CASH state in the concelle net intome to eash provided by operating activities \$ 939 \$ 0.00 Adjustments to reconcile net income to eash provided by operating activities \$ 2 Impairment of long-lived assets and other lease charges \$ 2 \$ 0.00 Stock-based compensation expense \$ 2 \$ 0.00 <th></th> <th>Six Month</th> <th>ıs Ended</th>		Six Month	ıs Ended
Net income	CACH ELOWG EDOM ODED ATING A CENTURE		December 25, 2022
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities: Impairment of long-lived assets and other lease charges Stock-based compensation expense Beyenciation and amortization Amortization of operating right of use assets Amortization of intangible assets definite-lived Allowance for bad debts Deferred income tax Accounts receivable Accounts payable - trade		\$ 030	\$ 655
Impairment of long-lived assets and other lease charges	- 100 -	\$ 939	\$ 055
Stock-based compensation expense 82 Depreciation and amortization 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7			5
Depreciation and amortization 70		82	173
Amortization of operating right of use assets Amortization of intangible assets definite-lived Amortization of intangible assets definite-lived Allowance for bad debts Deferred income tax Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Notes receivable September of the debts of the september o		*-	70
Anortization of intangible assets definite-lived 42 Allowance for bad debts 35 Deferred income tax 71 1 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: 86 69 6 Accounts receivable (54) 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 12 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>217</td>			217
Allowance for bad debts Deferred income tax Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Notes receivabl			34
Deferred income tax 71 1 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (69) 6 Accounts receivable (54) 6 Notes receivable (54) 11 Prepaid expenses and other current assets (254) 11 Accounts payable - trade 151 6 Accounts payable - trade (42) (6 Operating lease liabilities (249) (2 Operating lease liabilities (247) (3 Operating lease liabilities 305 7 Cash provided by operating activities 305 305 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 8 (4 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1 Cash used in investing activities (16) 1 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: — (4,5 Purchase of treasury stock — (4,5 Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5,0 Payments on short term loan	<u> </u>		9
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (69) (68) Accounts receivable (54) (54) Deferred contract charges 11 11 Prepaid expenses and other current assets (254) (254) Accounts payable - trade 151 (60) Accounts payable - trade (42) (60) Operating lease liabilities (249) (20) Operating lease liabilities (247) (20) Cash provided by operating activities 305 305 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Payments received on notes receivable 30 9 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Purchase of property and equipment (38) (10) CASH LOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of treasury stock (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) Payments on short term loan — Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,0) Note decrease in c			182
Accounts receivable (54) Notes receivable (54) Deferred contract charges 11 Prepaid expenses and other current assets (254) Accounts payable - trade 151 Accrued expenses (442) (6 Operating lease liabilities (249) (2 Deferred revenues (247) (2 Cash provided by operating activities 305 7 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 8 (1 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1 Purchase of property and equipment (38) (1 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (4.9 (4.9 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (4.9 (4.9 Purchase of treasury stock — (4.9 Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5.0 CASH and infinancing activities (311) (5.0 Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4.9 Taxes paid on issuance of period 5,328 7,3 Cash and cash equivalents		/1	162
Notes receivable (54) Deferred contract charges 11 Prepaid expenses and other current assets (254) Accounts payable - trade 151 Accrued expenses (442) (6 Operating lease liabilities (247) (2 Deferred revenues (247) (2 Cash provided by operating activities 305 3 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Payments received on notes receivable 30 8 (1 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1 Purchase of property and equipment (38) (16) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: - (4,5) Purchase of treasury stock - (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) 5 Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) 5 Taxes paid on issuance of prestricted stock units (311) 5 Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,5) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,2)		(60)	696
Deferred contract charges 11 Prepaid expenses and other current assets (254) Accounts payable - trade 151 Accrude expenses (442) (6 Operating lease liabilities (249) (2 Operating lease liabilities (247) (2 Cash provided by operating activities 305 7 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 30 30 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1 Purchase of property and equipment (38) (1 Cash used in investing activities (16) (4,5) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: 2 (4,5) Purchase of treasury stock — (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5,6) Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,6) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,2) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period \$ 5,306 \$ 3,328 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 5,306 \$ 3,328 Cash and cash equiv		()	14
Prepaid expenses and other current assets (254) Accounts payable - trade 151 Accrued expenses (442) (6 Operating lease liabilities (249) (2 Deferred revenues (247) (2 Cash provided by operating activities 305 5 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Payments received on notes receivable 30 30 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Cash used in investing activities (16) 6 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: - (4,5) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: - (4,5) Purchase of treasury stock - (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5,0) Payments on short term loan - (4,5) Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,0) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,2) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 5,328 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period			2
Accounts payable - trade		**	41
Accrued expenses (442) (6 Operating lease liabilities (249) (2 Deferred revenues (247) (2 Cash provided by operating activities 305 5 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 8 (1 Payments received on notes receivable 30 1 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1 Purchase of property and equipment (38) (1 Cash used in investing activities (16) (4,5) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: — (4,5) (4,5) Purchase of treasury stock — (4,5) (311) (5,6) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5,6) Payments on short term loan — (6,5) (4,5) Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,6) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,6) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 5,328 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 5,306 3,34 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMAT		. ,	(91
Operating lease liabilities (249) (2 Deferred revenues (247) (2 Cash provided by operating activities 305 7 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Suppression of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Purchase of property and equipment (38) (16) Cash used in investing activities (16) (4,9) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (4,9) (4,9) Purchase of treasury stock — (4,9) (4,9) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5,0) Payments on short term loan — (4,9) (4,9) Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,0) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,2) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 5,328 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period 5,326 3,2 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION 5,306 3,2 CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR: 5,306 3,2 <			(675
Deferred revenues (247) (247) Cash provided by operating activities 305 7 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Suppose the payments received on notes receivable 30 9 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Purchase of property and equipment (38) (38) Cash used in investing activities (16) (4,5) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Suppose threasury stock — (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5,0) Payments on short term loan — (4,5) (311) (5,0) Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,0) (5,0) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,5) (4,5) (5,0)<			(241)
Cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Payments received on notes receivable 30 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Purchase of property and equipment (38) (16) Cash used in investing activities (16) (16) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: — (4,5) Purchase of treasury stock — (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5,6) Payments on short term loan — (6 Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,6) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,2) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 5,328 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 5,306 \$ 3,4 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION \$ 5,306 \$ 3,4 CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR: * 5,306 \$ 3,4			(241
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Payments received on notes receivable 30 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Purchase of property and equipment (38) (16) Cash used in investing activities (16) (16) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: — (4,5) Purchase of treasury stock — (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) (5,6) Payments on short term loan — (6) Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,6) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,2) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 5,328 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 5,306 \$ 3,4 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION \$ 5,306 \$ 3,4 CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR: * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
Payments received on notes receivable 30 Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Purchase of property and equipment (38) (16) Cash used in investing activities (16) (16) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of treasury stock — (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) Payments on short term loan — (10) Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,6) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,2) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period (5,328) 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period (5,328) (3,4) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	Cash provided by operating activities	303	792
Purchase of intangible assets definite-lived (8) (1) Purchase of property and equipment (38) (28) Cash used in investing activities (16) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of treasury stock — (4,5) Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units (311) Payments on short term loan — (4,5) Cash used in financing activities (311) (5,6) Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (22) (4,2) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period (5,328) 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period (5,306) (5,306) (5,306) CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of property and equipment Cash used in investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of treasury stock Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units Payments on short term loan Cash used in financing activities Cash used in financing activities Cash used in financing activities Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:			60
Cash used in investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of treasury stock Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units Payments on short term loan Cash used in financing activities Cash used in financing activities Cash used in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:			(114
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of treasury stock Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units Payments on short term loan Cash used in financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:			(23
Purchase of treasury stock Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units Payments on short term loan Cash used in financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	Cash used in investing activities	(16)	(77
Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units Payments on short term loan Cash used in financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments on short term loan Cash used in financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period Supplemental disclosures of Cash flow information Cash (Refunded)/Paid for:	Purchase of treasury stock	_	(4,979)
Cash used in financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	Taxes paid on issuance of restricted stock units	(311)	_
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	Payments on short term loan	<u> </u>	(30
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 5,328 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$5,306 \$3,4 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	Cash used in financing activities	(311)	(5,009
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 5,328 7,7 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$5,306 \$3,4 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(22)	(4,294
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 5,306 \$ 3,4 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period		7,723
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:	1		
CASH (REFUNDED)/PAID FOR:		\$ 3,300	3,429
Income taxes $\underline{\$}$ $\underline{(4)}$ $\underline{\$}$		Φ (Δ)	Φ 01
	Income taxes	<u>\$ (4)</u>	\$ 91

RAVE RESTAURANT GROUP, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rave Restaurant Group, Inc., through its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company" or "we," "us" or "our"), franchises pizza buffet ("Buffet Units"), delivery/carry-out ("Delco Units") and express ("Express Units") restaurants under the trademark "Pizza Inn" and franchises fast casual pizza restaurants ("Pie Five Units") and ghost kitchens ("Pie Five Ghost Kitchen Units") under the trademarks "Pie Five Pizza Company" or "Pie Five". The Company also licenses Pizza Inn Express, or PIE, kiosks ("PIE Units") under the trademark "Pizza Inn". We facilitate food, equipment, and supply distribution to our domestic and international system of restaurants through agreements with third party distributors. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. have been prepared without audit pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements have been omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 25, 2023.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to fairly present the Company's financial position and results of operations for the interim periods reflected. Except as noted, all adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Results of operations for the fiscal periods presented are not necessarily indicative of fiscal year-end results.

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. All appropriate inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Fiscal Quarters

The three and six month periods ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022 each contained 13 weeks and 26 weeks, respectively.

Use of Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect its reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosure of contingent liabilities. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and other various assumptions that it believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically. Actual results could differ materially from estimates.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Statements - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which requires companies to measure credit losses utilizing a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires a consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. The new guidance was effective for the Company on June 26, 2023. There was no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures as a result of adopting this standard.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured based on consideration specified in contracts with customers and excludes incentives and amounts collected on behalf of third parties, primarily sales tax. The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. Taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with a specific revenue-producing transaction that are collected by the Company from a customer are excluded from revenue.

The following describes principal activities, separated by major product or service, from which the Company generates its revenues:

Franchise Revenues

Franchise revenues consist of 1) franchise royalties, 2) supplier and distributor incentive revenues, 3) franchise license fees, 4) area development exclusivity fees and foreign master license fees, 5) advertising funds, and 6) supplier convention funds.

Franchise royalties, which are based on a percentage of franchise restaurant sales, are recognized as sales occur.

Supplier and distributor incentive revenues are recognized when title to the underlying commodities transfer.

Franchise license fees are typically billed upon execution of the franchise agreement and amortized over the term of the franchise agreement which typically range from five to 20 years. Fees received for renewal periods are amortized over the life of the renewal period.

<u>Index</u>

Area development exclusivity fees and foreign master license fees are typically billed upon execution of the area development and foreign master license agreements. Area development exclusivity fees are included in deferred revenue in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and allocated on a pro rata basis to all stores opened under that specific development agreement as the stores are opened. Area development exclusivity fees that include rights to sub-franchise are amortized as revenue over the term of the contract.

Advertising fund contributions for Pizza Inn and Pie Five units represent contributions collected where we have control over the activities of the fund. Contributions are based on a percentage of net retail sales. We have determined that we are the principal in these arrangements, and advertising fund contributions and expenditures are, therefore, reported on a gross basis in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. In general, we expect such advertising fund contributions and expenditures to be largely offsetting and, therefore, do not expect a significant impact on our reported income before income taxes. Our obligation related to these funds is to develop and conduct advertising activities. Pizza Inn and Pie Five marketing fund contributions are billed and collected weekly or monthly.

Supplier convention funds are deferred until the obligations of the agreement are met and the event takes place.

Rental Income

The Company subleases some of its restaurant space to a third party. The Company's sublease has terms that end in 2025. The sublease agreement is noncancelable through the end of the term and both parties have substantive rights to terminate the lease when the term is complete. Sublease agreements are not capitalized and are recorded as rental income in the period that rent is received.

Total revenues consist of the following (in thousands):

	Three M	Ionths 1	Ended
	December 24 2023	l, De	cember 25, 2022
Franchise royalties	\$ 1,1	71 \$	1,171
Supplier and distributor incentive revenues	1,03	51	1,145
Franchise license fees	:	50	40
Area development exclusivity fees and foreign master license fees		3	5
Advertising funds contributions	42	26	453
Rental income	3	88	46
Other		53	6
	\$ 2,79	92 \$	2,866
	Six M	onths E	nded
	December 24 2023	l, De	cember 25, 2022
Franchise royalties			,
Franchise royalties Supplier and distributor incentive revenues	2023	96 \$	2022
	2023 \$ 2,39	96 \$ 51	2022
Supplier and distributor incentive revenues	2023 \$ 2,39 2,11	96 \$ 51	2022 2,385 2,215
Supplier and distributor incentive revenues Franchise license fees	2023 \$ 2,39 2,11	96 \$ 51 51 7	2,385 2,215 70
Supplier and distributor incentive revenues Franchise license fees Area development exclusivity fees and foreign master license fees	2023 \$ 2,39 2,11 15	96 \$ 51 51 7	2022 2,385 2,215 70 9
Supplier and distributor incentive revenues Franchise license fees Area development exclusivity fees and foreign master license fees Advertising funds contributions	2023 \$ 2,39 2,11 11 84 18	96 \$ 51 51 7	2022 2,385 2,215 70 9
Supplier and distributor incentive revenues Franchise license fees Area development exclusivity fees and foreign master license fees Advertising funds contributions Supplier convention funds	2023 \$ 2,33 2,1: 1: 84 18	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,385 2,215 70 9 919 172

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock options using the fair value recognition provisions of the authoritative guidance on share-based payments. The Company uses the Black-Scholes formula to estimate the value of stock-based compensation for options granted to employees and directors and expects to continue to use this acceptable option valuation model in the future. The authoritative guidance also requires the benefits of tax deductions in excess of recognized compensation cost to be reported as a financing cash flow.

Restricted stock units ("RSUs") represent the right to receive shares of common stock upon the satisfaction of vesting requirements, performance criteria and other terms and conditions. Compensation cost for RSUs is measured as an amount equal to the fair value of the RSUs on the date of grant and is expensed over the vesting period if achievement of the performance criteria is deemed probable, with the amount of the expense recognized based on the best estimate of the ultimate achievement level.

Index

Note B - Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception of the arrangement. To the extent that it can be determined that an arrangement represents a lease, it is classified as either an operating lease or a finance lease. The Company does not currently have any finance leases. The Company capitalizes operating leases on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets through a right of use asset and a corresponding lease liability. Right of use assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Short-term leases that have an initial term of one year or less are not capitalized. The Company does not presently have any short-term leases.

Operating lease right of use assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date of an arrangement based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. In addition to the present value of lease payments, the operating lease right of use asset also includes any lease payments made to the lessor prior to lease commencement less any lease incentives and initial direct costs incurred. Lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Nature of Leases

The Company leases certain office space, restaurant space, and information technology equipment under non-cancelable leases to support its operations. A more detailed description of significant lease types is included below.

Office Agreements

The Company rents office space from third parties for its corporate location. Office agreements are typically structured with non-cancelable terms of one to 10 years. The Company has concluded that its office agreements represent operating leases with a lease term that equals the primary non-cancelable contract term. Upon completion of the primary term, both parties have substantive rights to terminate the lease. As a result, enforceable rights and obligations do not exist under the rental agreement subsequent to the primary term.

Restaurant Space Agreements

The Company subleases some of its restaurant space to a third party. The Company's sublease has terms that end in 2025. The sublease agreement is noncancelable through the end of the term and both parties have substantive rights to terminate the lease when the term is complete. Sublease agreements are not capitalized and are recorded as rental income in the period that rent is received.

Information Technology Equipment

The Company rents information technology equipment, primarily printers and copiers, from a third party for its corporate office location. Information technology equipment agreements are typically structured with non-cancelable terms of one to five years. The Company has concluded that its information technology equipment commitments are operating leases.

Discount Rate

Leases typically do not provide an implicit interest rate. Accordingly, the Company is required to use its incremental borrowing rate in determining the present value of lease payments based on the information available at the lease commencement date. The Company's incremental borrowing rate reflects the estimated rate of interest that it would pay to borrow on a collateralized basis over a similar term for an amount equal to the lease payments in a similar economic environment. The Company uses the implicit rate in the limited circumstances in which that rate is readily determinable.

Lease Guarantees

The Company has guaranteed the financial responsibilities of certain franchised store leases. These guaranteed leases are not considered operating leases because the Company does not have the right to control the underlying asset. If the franchisee abandons the lease and fails to meet the lease's financial obligations, the lessor may assign the lease to the Company for the remainder of the term. If the Company does not expect to assign the abandoned lease to a new franchisee within 12 months, the lease will be considered an operating lease and a right-of-use asset, and lease liability will be recognized.

Practical Expedients and Accounting Policy Elections

Certain lease agreements include lease and non-lease components. For all existing asset classes with multiple component types, the Company has utilized the practical expedient that exempts it from separating lease components from non-lease components. Accordingly, the Company accounts for the lease and non-lease components in an arrangement as a single lease component.

In addition, for all existing asset classes, the Company has made an accounting policy election not to apply the lease recognition requirements to short-term leases (that is, a lease that, at commencement, have a lease term of 12 months or less and does not include an option to purchase the underlying asset that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise). Accordingly, we recognize lease payments related to our short-term leases in our income statements on a straight-line basis over the lease term which has not changed from our prior recognition. To the extent that there are variable lease payments, we recognize those payments in our income statements in the period in which the obligation for those payments is incurred.

The components of total lease expense for the three and six months ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022, the majority of which is included in general and administrative expense in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended				lonths ded
		nber 24, 023		ber 25, 22		nber 24, 023	ber 25, 22
Operating lease cost	\$	117	\$	124	\$	240	\$ 248
Sublease income		(38)		(46)		(85)	(93)
Total lease expense, net of sublease income	\$	79	\$	78	\$	155	\$ 155

Weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate for operating leases are as follows:

	December 24, 2023	December 25, 2022
Weighted average remaining lease term	2.0 Years	2.6 Years
Weighted average discount rate	4.0%	4.0%

Operating lease liabilities with enforceable contract terms that are greater than one year mature as follows (in thousands):

	Opera	ting Leases
2024	\$	236
2025		433
2026		382
2027		191
Total operating lease payments	\$	1,242
Less: imputed interest		(70)
Total operating lease liability	\$	1,172

Note C - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to various claims and contingencies related to employment agreements, franchise disputes, lawsuits, taxes, food product purchase contracts and other matters arising out of the normal course of business. Management believes that any such claims and actions currently pending are either covered by insurance or would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition if decided in a manner that is unfavorable to the Company.

Note D - Stock-Based Compensation

Stock Options:

For the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to stock options of zero and zero, respectively. For the three six months ended December 25, 2022, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to stock options of \$4 thousand and \$8 thousand, respectively. As of December 24, 2023, there was no unamortized stock-based compensation expense related to stock options.

The following table summarizes the number of shares of the Company's common stock subject to outstanding stock options:

	Six Month	ns Ended
	December 24, 2023	December 25, 2022
	Shares	Shares
Outstanding at beginning of year	151,750	111,750
Granted	_	40,000
Exercised	_	_
Forfeited/Canceled/Expired	(8,664)	
Outstanding at end of period	143,086	151,750
Exercisable at end of period	143,086	111,750

Restricted Stock Units:

For the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, the Company had stock-based compensation expense related to RSUs of \$3 thousand and \$82 thousand, respectively. For the three and six months ended December 25, 2022, the Company had stock-based compensation expense related to RSUs of \$82 thousand and \$165 thousand, respectively. As of December 24, 2023, there was \$328 thousand unamortized stock-based compensation expense related to RSUs.

As of December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022, the RSUs will be amortized during the next ten and 34 months, respectively. A summary of the status of restricted stock units as of December 24, 2023, and changes during the six months then ended is presented below:

	Six Montl	ns Ended
	December 24, 2023	December 25, 2022
Unvested at beginning of year	885,688	885,688
Granted	131,460	_
Issued	(588,589)	_
Forfeited/Canceled	(126,684)	
Unvested at December 24, 2023	301,875	885,688

Note E - Earnings per Share (EPS)

The following table shows the reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basic EPS calculation to the numerator and denominator of the diluted EPS calculation (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended			
		December 24, 2023		December 25, 2022		December 24, 2023		ember 25, 2022	
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	553	\$	348	\$	939	\$	655	
BASIC:									
Weighted average common shares		14,444		16,351		14,299		16,491	
Not in come non common about	\$	0.04	¢.	0.02	\$	0.07	ø	0.04	
Net income per common share	3	0.04	\$	0.02	D	0.07	\$	0.04	
DILUTED:									
Weighted average common shares		14,444		16,351		14,299		16,491	
Dilutive stock options		21				20			
Weighted average common shares outstanding		14,465		16,351		14,319		16,491	
	·	_							
Net income per common share	\$	0.04	\$	0.02	\$	0.07	\$	0.04	

For the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, exercisable options to purchase 103,086 shares of common stock at exercise prices from \$3.95 to \$13.11 were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS because they had an intrinsic value of zero. For the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, zero and 90,625 RSUs were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS because performance criteria is not probable at period end, respectively.

For the three and six months ended December 25, 2022, exercisable options to purchase 111,750 shares of common stock at exercise prices from \$3.95 to \$13.11 were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS because they had an intrinsic value of zero. For the three and six months ended December 25, 2022, zero and zero RSUs were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS because performance criteria is not probable at period end, respectively.

Note F - Income Taxes

For the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, the Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$13 thousand and a tax expense of \$119 thousand, respectively. For the three and six months ended December 25, 2022, the Company recorded an income tax expense of \$140 thousand and \$232 thousand, respectively. For the three months ended December 24, 2023, the federal tax benefit was \$23 thousand and the state tax expense was \$10 thousand. For the six months ended December 24, 2023, the federal and state tax expense were \$85 thousand and \$34 thousand, respectively. For the three months ended December 25, 2022, the federal and state tax expense were \$100 thousand and \$40 thousand, respectively. For the six months ended December 25, 2022, the federal and state tax expense were \$182 thousand and \$50 thousand, respectively.

The Company continually reviews the realizability of its deferred tax assets, including an analysis of factors such as future taxable income, reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, and tax planning strategies. In assessing the need for the valuation allowance, the Company considers both positive and negative evidence related to the likelihood of realization of deferred tax assets.

Note G - Segment Reporting

The Company has two reportable operating segments as determined by management using the "management approach" as defined by ASC 280 Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information: (1) Pizza Inn Franchising and (2) Pie Five Franchising. These segments are a result of differences in the nature of the products and services sold. Corporate administration costs, which include, but are not limited to, general accounting, human resources, legal and credit and collections, are partially allocated to the three operating segments. Other revenue consists of nonrecurring items.

The Pizza Inn and Pie Five Franchising segments establish franchisees, licensees and territorial rights. Revenue for these segments are derived from franchise royalties, franchise fees, sale of area development and foreign master license rights and incentive payments from third party suppliers and distributors. Assets for these segments include equipment, furniture and fixtures.

Corporate administration and other assets primarily include cash and short-term investments, as well as furniture and fixtures located at the corporate office and trademarks and other intangible assets. All assets are located within the United States.

<u>Index</u>

Summarized in the following tables are net operating revenues, depreciation and amortization expense, and income before taxes for the Company's reportable segments as of the three and six months ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022 (in thousands):

		Three Mor	nded	Six Months Ended				
	De	cember 24, 2023	Dec	cember 25, 2022	December 24, 2023		Dec	ember 25, 2022
Net sales and operating revenues:								
Pizza Inn Franchising	\$	2,271	\$	2,351	\$	4,875	\$	4,820
Pie Five Franchising		435		470		873		958
Corporate administration and other		86		45		133		93
Consolidated revenues	\$	2,792	\$	2,866	\$	5,881	\$	5,871
Depreciation and amortization:								
Corporate administration and other	\$	57	\$	53	\$	112	\$	104
Depreciation and amortization	\$	57	\$	53	\$	112	\$	104
Income before taxes:								
Pizza Inn Franchising	\$	1,602	\$	1,695	\$	3,263	\$	3,206
Pie Five Franchising		260		259		469		503
Combined		1,862		1,954		3,732		3,709
Corporate administration and other		(1,322)		(1,466)		(2,674)		(2,822)
Income before taxes	\$	540	\$	488	\$	1,058	\$	887
Geographic information (revenues):								
United States	\$	2,747	\$	2,799	\$	5,783	\$	5,728
Foreign countries		45		67		98		143
Consolidated revenues	\$	2,792	\$	2,866	\$	5,881	\$	5,871
	12							

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 25, 2023 and may contain certain forward-looking statements that are based on current management expectations. Generally, verbs in the future tense and the words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intends," "opinion," "potential" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this report include, without limitation, statements relating to our business objectives, our customers and franchisees, our liquidity and capital resources, and the impact of our historical and potential business strategies on our business, financial condition, and operating results. Our actual results could differ materially from our expectations. Further information concerning our business, including additional factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, are set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 25, 2023. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. The forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, except as may be required by applicable law, we do not undertake, and specifically disclaim any obligation to, publicly update or revise such statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

Results of Operations

Overview

Rave Restaurant Group, Inc., through its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company" or "we," "us" or "our"), franchises pizza buffet ("Buffet Units"), delivery/carry-out ("Delco Units") and express ("Express Units") restaurants under the trademark "Pizza Inn" and franchises fast casual pizza restaurants ("Pie Five Units") and ghost kitchens ("Pie Five Ghost Kitchen Units") under the trademarks "Pie Five Pizza Company" or "Pie Five". The Company also licenses Pizza Inn Express, or PIE, kiosks ("PIE Units") under the trademark "Pizza Inn". We facilitate food, equipment and supply distribution to our domestic and international system of restaurants through agreements with third party distributors. At December 24, 2023, franchised and licensed units consisted of the following:

Three Months Ended December 24, 2023

(in thousands, except unit data)

	Pizza	Pizza Inn			ie F	ive	All Concepts				
	Ending Units		Retail Sales	Ending Units	-		Ending Units		Retail Sales		
Domestic Franchised/Licensed	112	\$	25,543	2	4	\$ 4,304	136	\$	29,847		
International Franchised	18			_	_		18				

Six Months Ended December 24, 2023

(in thousands, except unit data)

	Pizza Inn				Pie l	Five		All Concepts											
	Ending	Retail		Retail		Retail		Ending Retail		Ending	ng Retail		Ending		Retail	End	ing		Retail
	Units		Sales	Units			Sales	Un	its		Sales								
Domestic Franchised/Licensed	112	\$	51,573		24	\$	9,071		136	\$	60,644								
International Franchised	18				_				18										

The domestic units were located in 17 states predominantly situated in the southern half of the United States. The international units were located in seven foreign countries.

<u>Index</u>

Basic net income per share increased \$0.02 per share to \$0.04 per share for the three months ended December 24, 2023, compared to the comparable period in the prior fiscal year. The Company had net income of \$0.6 million for the three months ended December 24, 2023 compared to net income of \$0.3 million in the comparable period in the prior fiscal year, on revenues of \$2.8 million for the three months ended December 24, 2023 compared to \$2.9 million in the comparable period in the prior fiscal year. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to decreases in franchise royalties and supplier and distributor incentives impacted by decreased store count offset by increased comparable store retail sales.

Basic net income per share increased \$0.03 per share to \$0.07 per share for the six months ended December 24, 2023, compared to the comparable period in the prior fiscal year. The Company had net income of \$0.9 million for the six months ended December 24, 2023 compared to net income of \$0.7 million in the comparable period in the prior fiscal year, on revenues of \$5.9 million for the six months ended December 24, 2023 compared to \$5.9 million in the comparable period in the prior fiscal year. The stability in revenue was primarily due to increases in default and closed store revenues and franchise royalties, offset by a decrease in deferred marketing revenue.

COVID-19 Pandemic

Although the adverse impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic have diminished in recent periods, an outbreak or perceived outbreak of COVID-19 connected to restaurant dining could cause negative publicity directed at any of our brands and cause customers to avoid our restaurants. Therefore, despite the official end of the pandemic, the ultimate impact of COVID-19 on our future results of operations and liquidity cannot presently be predicted.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Terms

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). However, the Company also presents and discusses certain non-GAAP financial measures that it believes are useful to investors as measures of operating performance. Management may also use such non-GAAP financial measures in evaluating the effectiveness of business strategies and for planning and budgeting purposes. However, these non-GAAP financial measures should not be viewed as an alternative or substitute for the results reflected in the Company's GAAP financial statements.

We consider EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to be important supplemental measures of operating performance that are commonly used by securities analysts, investors and other parties interested in our industry. We believe that EBITDA is helpful to investors in evaluating our results of operations without the impact of expenses affected by financing methods, accounting methods and the tax environment. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides additional useful information to investors by excluding non-operational or non-recurring expenses to provide a measure of operating performance that is more comparable from period to period. Management also uses these non-GAAP financial measures for evaluating operating performance, assessing the effectiveness of business strategies, projecting future capital needs, budgeting and other planning purposes.

The following key performance indicators presented herein, some of which represent non-GAAP financial measures, have these meanings and are calculated as follows:

- "EBITDA" represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.
- "Adjusted EBITDA" represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense, severance, gain/loss on sale of assets, costs related to impairment and other lease charges, franchisee default and closed store revenue/expense, and closed and non-operating store costs.
- "Retail sales" represents the restaurant sales reported by our franchisees, which may be segmented by brand or domestic/international locations.
- "Comparable store retail sales" includes the retail sales for restaurants that have been open for at least 18 months as of the end of the reporting period. The sales results for a restaurant that was closed temporarily for remodeling or relocation within the same trade area are included in the calculation only for the days that the restaurant was open in both periods being compared.
- "Store weeks" represent the total number of full weeks that specified restaurants were open during the period.
- "Average units open" reflects the number of restaurants open during a reporting period weighted by the percentage of the weeks in a reporting period that each restaurant was open.
- "Average weekly sales" for a specified period is calculated as total retail sales (excluding partial weeks) divided by store weeks in the period.
- "Non-operating store costs" represent gain or loss on asset disposal, store closure expenses, lease termination expenses and expenses related to abandoned store sites.
- "Franchisee default and closed store revenue/expense" represents the net of accelerated revenues and costs attributable to defaulted area development agreements and closed franchised stores.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA for the fiscal quarter ended December 24, 2023 remained relatively stable at \$0.6 million compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. Year-to-date Adjusted EBITDA remained relatively stable at \$1.2 million compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the periods shown (in thousands):

RAVE RESTAURANT GROUP, INC. ADJUSTED EBITDA (In thousands)

		Three Mon	ths E	nded		ded		
	December 24, 2023			ember 25, 2022	Dec	ember 24, 2023	Dec	ember 25, 2022
Net income	\$	553	\$	348	\$	939	\$	655
Interest expense		_		_		_		1
Income taxes		(13)		140		119		232
Depreciation and amortization		57		53		112		104
EBITDA	\$	597	\$	541	\$	1,170	\$	992
Stock-based compensation expense		3		87		82		173
Severance		_		_		_		_
Impairment of long-lived assets and other lease charges		_		_		_		5
Franchisee default and closed store revenue		(18)		(13)		(82)		(13)
Closed and non-operating store costs		_				_		_
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	582	\$	615	\$	1,170	\$	1,157

Pizza Inn Brand Summary

The following tables summarize certain key indicators for the Pizza Inn franchised and licensed domestic units that management believes are useful in evaluating performance:

		Three Moi	nths E	nded	Six Months Ended					
	December 24, 2023			ember 25, 2022	December 24 2023		Dec	cember 25, 2022		
Pizza Inn Retail Sales - Total Domestic Units	(in t	housands, e	xcept	unit data)	(in 1	thousands, e	xcept	unit data)		
Domestic Units										
Buffet Units - Franchised	\$	24,558	\$	22,223	\$	49,569	\$	44,664		
Delco/Express Units - Franchised		968		1,342		1,967		2,824		
PIE Units - Licensed		17		68		37		124		
Total Domestic Retail Sales	\$	25,543	\$	23,633	\$	51,573	\$	47,612		
Pizza Inn Comparable Store Retail Sales - Total Domestic	\$	24,403	\$	\$ 22,813	\$	48,999	\$	45,841		
Pizza Inn Average Units Open in Period										
Domestic Units										
Buffet Units - Franchised		75		72		77		73		
Delco/Express Units - Franchised		32		46		36		46		
PIE Units - Licensed		4		8		5		9		
Total Domestic Units		111		126		118		128		

Pizza Inn total domestic retail sales increased by \$1.9 million, or 8.1%, for the three months ended December 24, 2023 when compared to the same period of the prior year. Compared to the same fiscal quarter of the prior year, average Buffet Units open in the period increased from 72 to 75. Comparable store retail sales increased by \$1.6 million to \$24.4 million for the three month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. For the three months ended December 24, 2023, the increase in domestic retail sales were primarily the result of the increase in Buffet Units, supplemented by an increase in comparable domestic store retail sales.

Pizza Inn total domestic retail sales increased by \$4.0 million, or 8.3%, for the six months ended December 24, 2023 when compared to the same period of the prior year. Compared to the same fiscal quarter of the prior year, average Buffet Units open in the period increased from 73 to 77. Comparable store retail sales increased by \$3.2 million to \$49.0 million for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. For the six months ended December 24, 2023, the increase in domestic retail sales were primarily the result of the increase in Buffet Units, supplemented by an increase in comparable domestic store retail sales.

The following chart summarizes Pizza Inn restaurant activity for the three and six months ended December 24, 2023:

	Three Months Ended December 24, 2023											
	Beginning Units	Opened	Concept Change	Ending Units								
Domestic Units												
Buffet Units - Franchised	74	3	_	_	77							
Delco/Express Units - Franchised	33	1	_	3	31							
PIE Units - Licensed	4				4							
Total Domestic Units	111	4		3	112							
International Units (all types)	22			4	18							
Total Units	133	4		7	130							

Six Months Ended December 24, 2023											
Beginning		Concept		Ending							
Units	Opened	Change	Closed	Units							
77	3	_	3	77							
41	1	_	11	31							
5			1	4							
123	4	_	15	112							
34	_	_	16	18							
157	4		31	130							
	77 41 5 123	Beginning Units Opened 77 3 41 1 5 — 123 4 34 —	Beginning Units Opened Concept Change 77 3 — 41 1 — 5 — — 123 4 — 34 — —	Units Opened Change Closed 77 3 — 3 41 1 — 11 5 — — 1 123 4 — 15 34 — — 16							

There was a net increase of one and a net decrease of 11 units in the total domestic Pizza Inn unit count during the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, respectively. There were two and two transfers in the total domestic Pizza Inn unit count during the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, respectively. For the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, the number of international Pizza Inn units decreased by four and 16 units, respectively. There were zero and zero transfers in the total international Pizza Inn unit count during the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, respectively. The Company believes the number of both domestic and international Pizza Inn units will increase modestly in future periods.

Pie Five Brand Summary

The following tables summarize certain key indicators for the Pie Five franchised restaurants that management believes are useful in evaluating performance:

		Three Mon	iths E	Inded	Six Months Ended					
	December 24, 2023			ember 25, 2022	December 24, 2023			cember 25, 2022		
	(in thousands, except unit data)					(in thousands, except unit data)				
Pie Five Retail Sales - Total Units										
Total Domestic Retail Sales	\$	4,304	\$	4,857	\$	9,071	\$	10,100		
Pie Five Comparable Store Retail Sales - Total	\$	4,283	\$	4,250	\$	9,000	\$	8,910		
Pie Five Average Units Open in Period										
Total Domestic Units		25		31		26		31		

Pie Five total domestic retail sales decreased \$0.6 million, or 11.4%, for the three months ended December 24, 2023 when compared to the same period of the prior year. Compared to the same fiscal quarter of the prior year, average units open in the period decreased from 31 to 25. Comparable store retail sales remained relatively stable at \$4.3 million during the second quarter of fiscal 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year. For the three months ended December 24, 2023, the decrease in domestic retail sales were primarily the result of the decrease in store count, offset by an increase in store count, offset by a increase in comparable store retail sales.

The following chart summarizes Pie Five restaurant activity for the three and six months ended December 24, 2023:

		Three Months Ended December 24, 2023									
	Beginning Units	Opened	Transfer	Closed	Ending Units						
Total Domestic Units	26	_	_	2	24						
		Six Months Ended December 24, 2023									
	Beginning Units	Opened	Transfer	Closed	Ending Units						
Total Domestic Units	27	_	_	3	24						

There was a net decrease of two and three units in the total domestic Pie Five unit count during the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, respectively. There was a net increase of one and one Pie Five Ghost Kitchen Units during the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, respectively. We believe that Pie Five units will decrease modestly in future periods.

Financial Results

The Company defines its operating segments as Pizza Inn Franchising and Pie Five Franchising. The following is additional business segment information for the three and six months ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022 (in thousands):

Three Months Ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022

REVENUES: 24, 2023 25, 2022 24, 2023 25, 2022 24, 2023 25, 2022 24, 2023 25, 2022 24, 2023 25, 2022 Franchise and license revenues \$ 2,271 \$ 2,351 \$ 430 \$ 462 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,701 \$ 2,81 Rental income - - - - 38 46 38 44	_
Franchise and license revenues \$ 2,271 \$ 2,351 \$ 430 \$ 462 \$ — \$ — \$ 2,701 \$ 2,81	-
	3
TO TO JO TO	6
Interest income and other — 5 8 48 (1) 53	7
Total revenues 2,271 2,351 435 470 86 45 2,792 2,86	6
COSTS AND EXPENSES:	
General and administrative	
expenses — — — — 1,341 1,453 1,341 1,45	
Franchise expenses 669 656 175 211 — — 844 86	7
Bad debt expense — — — — — 10 5 10	5
Depreciation and amortization	
expense — — — 57 53 57 5	3
Total costs and expenses 669 656 175 211 1,408 1,511 2,252 2,37	8
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE	
TAXES \$ 1,602 \$ 1,695 \$ 260 \$ 259 \$ (1,322) \$ (1,466) \$ 540 \$ 48	8
	=

Six Months Ended December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022

	Pizza Inn		Pie Five				T	. 1
	Franchising		Franchising		Corporate		Total	
	Fiscal Year-to-Date		Fiscal Year-to-Date		Fiscal Year-to-Date		Fiscal Year-to-Date	
	December	December	December	December	December	December	December	December
	24, 2023	25, 2022	24, 2023	25, 2022	24, 2023	25, 2022	24, 2023	25, 2022
REVENUES:								
Franchise and license revenues	\$ 4,875	\$ 4,820	\$ 865	\$ 950	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,740	\$ 5,770
Rental Income	_	_	_	_	85	93	85	93
Interest income and other			8	8	48		56	8
Total revenues	4,875	4,820	873	958	133	93	5,881	5,871
COSTS AND EXPENSES:								
General and administrative								
expenses	_	_	_	_	2,660	2,796	2,660	2,796
Franchise expenses	1,612	1,614	404	455	_	_	2,016	2,069
Impairment of long-lived								
assets and other lease								
charges	_	_	_	_	_	5	_	5
Bad debt expense	_	_	_	_	35	9	35	9
Interest expense	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	1
Depreciation and amortization								
expense					112	104	112	104
Total costs and expenses	1,612	1,614	404	455	2,807	2,915	4,823	4,984
INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE								
TAXES	\$ 3,263	\$ 3,206	\$ 469	\$ 503	\$ (2,674)	\$ (2,822)	\$ 1,058	\$ 887

<u>Index</u>

Revenues:

Revenues are derived from franchise royalties, franchise fees and supplier and distributor incentives, advertising funds, area development exclusivity fees and foreign master license fees, supplier convention funds, sublease rental income, interest and other income, and sales by Company-owned restaurants. The volume of supplier incentive revenues is dependent on the level of chain-wide retail sales, which are impacted by changes in comparable store sales and restaurant count, as well as the products sold to franchisees through third-party food distributors.

Total revenues for the three month period ended December 24, 2023 and for the same period of the prior fiscal year were \$2.8 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.

Total revenues for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 and for the same period of the prior fiscal year were \$5.9 million and \$5.9 million, respectively.

Pizza Inn Franchise and License

Pizza Inn franchise revenues decreased by \$0.1 million to \$2.3 million for the three month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. The 3.4% decrease was driven by decreases in supplier incentives, offset by increases in domestic royalties. Pizza Inn franchise revenues increased by \$0.1 million to \$4.9 million for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. The 1.1% increase was driven by increases in domestic royalties and default and closed store revenues.

Pie Five Franchise and License

Pie Five franchise revenues decreased by \$0.1 million to \$0.4 million for the three month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. The 6.9% decrease was driven by decreases in domestic royalties and advertising fund revenues, offset by increases in default and closed store revenues. Pie Five franchise revenues decreased by \$0.1 million to \$0.9 million for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. The 8.9% decrease was driven by decreases in domestic royalties, advertising fund revenues, and supplier and distributor incentives, offset by increases in default and closed store revenues.

General and Administrative Expenses

Total general and administrative expenses decreased by \$0.1 million to \$1.3 million for the three month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. The 7.7% decrease in total general and administrative expenses during the three month period was primarily the result of decreased corporate expenses. Total general and administrative expenses decreased by \$0.1 million to \$2.7 million for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. The 4.9% decrease in total general and administrative expenses during the six month period was primarily the result of decreased corporate expenses.

Franchise Expenses

Franchise expenses include general and administrative expenses directly related to the sale and continuing service of domestic and international franchises. Total franchise expenses decreased by \$0.02 million to \$0.8 million for the three month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. The 2.7% decrease was primarily due to a decrease in advertising fees. Total franchise expenses decreased by \$0.05 million to \$2.0 million for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 as compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. The 2.6% decrease was primarily due to a decrease in advertising fees.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets and Other Lease Charges

Impairment of long-lived assets and other lease charges was zero for the three month period ended December 24, 2023 compared to zero for the same period of the prior fiscal year. Impairment of long-lived assets and other lease charges was zero for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 compared to \$5 thousand for the same period of the prior fiscal year. The decrease was primarily due to impaired beverage equipment in the prior period.

Bad Debt Expense

The Company monitors franchisee receivable balances and adjusts credit terms when necessary to minimize the Company's exposure to high risk accounts receivable. For the three month period ended December 24, 2023, bad debt expense was \$10 thousand compared to bad debt expense of \$5 thousand for the same period of the prior fiscal year. Bad debt expense for the six month period ended December 24, 2023, increased by \$26 thousand to \$35 thousand compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year.

Index

Interest Expense

Interest expense was zero for the three month period ended December 24, 2023 compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. Interest expense decreased by \$1 thousand to zero for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year.

Amortization and Depreciation Expense

Amortization and depreciation expense increased slightly for the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, compared to the same periods of the prior year. In both cases, the increase was primarily the result of higher amortization of intangible assets.

Provision for Income Taxes

For the three and six months ended December 24, 2023, the Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$13 thousand and a tax expense of \$119 thousand, respectively. For the three and six months ended December 25, 2022, the Company recorded an income tax expense of \$140 thousand and \$232 thousand, respectively. The decrease for the three and six months ended as of December 24, 2023 was primarily due to a decrease in state taxes. For the three months ended December 24, 2023, the federal tax benefit was \$23 thousand and the state tax expense was \$10 thousand. For the six months ended December 24, 2023, the federal and state tax expense were \$85 thousand and \$34 thousand, respectively. For the three months ended December 25, 2022, the federal and state tax expense were \$100 thousand and \$40 thousand, respectively. For the six months ended December 25, 2022, the federal and state tax expense were \$182 thousand and \$50 thousand, respectively.

The Company continually reviews the realizability of its deferred tax assets, including an analysis of factors such as future taxable income, reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, and tax planning strategies. In assessing the need for the valuation allowance, the Company considers both positive and negative evidence related to the likelihood of realization of deferred tax assets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the six month period ended December 24, 2023, the Company's primary source of liquidity was proceeds from operating activities.

Cash flows from operating activities generally reflect net income adjusted for certain non-cash items including depreciation and amortization, changes in deferred taxes, share based compensation, and changes in working capital. Cash provided by operating activities was \$0.3 million for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$0.8 million for the six month period ended December 25, 2022. The primary driver of decreased operating cash flow during the six month period ended December 24, 2023 was increased collections of accounts receivable related to the employee retention credit in the prior year.

Cash flows from investing activities reflect net proceeds from the sale of assets and capital expenditures for the purchase of Company assets. Cash used in investing activities during the six month period ended December 24, 2023 was nil compared to cash used in investing activities of \$0.1 million for the six months ended December 25, 2022.

Cash flows used in financing activities generally reflect changes in the Company's stock and debt activity during the period. Net cash used in financing activities was \$0.3 million for the six month period ended December 24, 2023 compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$5.0 million for the six month period ended December 25, 2022. Net cash used by financing activities for the six months ended December 24, 2023 was primarily attributable to taxes paid on vested RSUs. Net cash used by financing activities for the six months ended December 25, 2022 was primarily attributable to repurchases of the Company's stock.

Management believes the cash on hand combined with net cash provided by operations will be sufficient to fund operations for the next 12 months and beyond.

Employee Retention Credit

On December 27, 2020, the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 (the "CAA") was signed into law. The CAA expanded eligibility for an employee retention credit for companies impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic with fewer than five hundred employees and at least a twenty percent decline in gross receipts compared to the same quarter in 2019, to encourage retention of employees. This payroll tax credit was a refundable tax credit against certain federal employment taxes. For the fiscal year ended June 26, 2022, the Company recorded \$0.7 million of other income for the employee retention credit, \$0.6 million of which was collected in the first quarter of fiscal 2023.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect our reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosure of contingent liabilities. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that it believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically. Actual results could differ materially from estimates.

The Company believes the following critical accounting policies require estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain, are susceptible to change, and therefore require subjective judgments. Changes in the estimates and judgments could significantly impact the Company's results of operations and financial condition in future periods.

Accounts receivable consist primarily of receivables generated from franchise royalties and supplier concessions. The Company records an allowance for credit losses to allow for any amounts which may be unrecoverable based upon an analysis of the Company's prior collection experience, customer creditworthiness and current economic trends. Actual realization of accounts receivable could differ materially from the Company's estimates.

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be fully recoverable. Impairment is evaluated based on the sum of undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from use and eventual disposition of the assets compared to their carrying value. If impairment is indicated, the carrying value of an impaired asset is reduced to its fair value, based on discounted estimated future cash flows.

Franchise revenue consists of income from license fees, royalties, area development and foreign master license agreements, advertising fund revenues, supplier incentive and convention contribution revenues. Franchise fees, area development and foreign master license agreement fees are amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the related contract agreement. Royalties and advertising fund revenues, which are based on a percentage of franchise retail sales, are recognized as income as retail sales occur. Supplier incentive revenues are recognized as earned, typically as the underlying commodities are shipped.

The Company continually reviews the realizability of its deferred tax assets, including an analysis of factors such as future taxable income, reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, and tax planning strategies. The Company assesses whether a valuation allowance should be established against its deferred tax assets based on consideration of all available evidence, using a "more likely than not" standard. In assessing the need for the valuation allowance, the Company considers both positive and negative evidence related to the likelihood of realization of deferred tax assets. In making such assessment, more weight is given to evidence that can be objectively verified, including recent operating performance.

The Company accounts for uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC 740-10, which prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present, and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that it has taken or expects to take on a tax return. ASC 740-10 requires that a company recognize in its financial statements the impact of tax positions that meet a "more likely than not" threshold, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. As of December 24, 2023 and December 25, 2022, the Company had no uncertain tax positions.

The Company assesses its exposures to loss contingencies from legal matters based upon factors such as the current status of the cases and consultations with external counsel and provides for the exposure by accruing an amount if it is judged to be probable and can be reasonably estimated. If the actual loss from a contingency differs from management's estimate, operating results could be adversely impacted.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not required for a smaller reporting company.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information it is required to disclose in the reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

<u>Index</u>

The Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. During the most recent fiscal quarter, there have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to various claims and contingencies related to employment agreements, franchise disputes, lawsuits, taxes, food product purchase contracts and other matters arising out of the normal course of business. Management believes that any such claims and actions currently pending are either covered by insurance or would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's annual results of operations or financial condition if decided in a manner that is unfavorable to the Company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Not required for a smaller reporting company.

<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities</u>

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Index

Item 6. Exhibits

- 1. The financial statements filed as part of this report are listed in the Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data appearing on page F-1 of this report on Form 10-K.
- 2. Any financial statement schedule filed as part of this report is listed in the Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data appearing on page F-1 of this report on Form 10-K.
- 3. Exhibits:
- 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 8, 2015).
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 8, 2015).
- 4.1 Description of Registrant's Securities. (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 27, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.1 2015 Long Term Incentive Plan of the Company (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed November 20, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).*
- 10.2 Form of Stock Option Grant Agreement under the Company's 2015 Long Term Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K filed November 20, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).*
- 10.3 Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Company's 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended December 27, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).*
- 10.4 Lease Agreement dated November 1, 2016, between A&H Properties Partnership and Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).*
- 10.5 First Amendment to Lease and Expansion dated July 1, 2017, between A&H Properties Partnership and Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).*
- 10.6 Second Amendment to Lease Agreement effective June 1, 2020, between A&H Properties Partnership and Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 27, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.7 Letter agreement dated October 18, 2019, between Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. and Brandon Solano (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed October 21, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).*
- 10.8 Letter agreement dated November 4, 2019, between Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. and Mike Burns (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed November 15, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).*
- 10.9 Letter agreement dated June 16, 2021, between Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. and Clinton Fendley (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed June 17, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).*
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certification of Principal Executive Officer.
- 32.2 Section 1350 Certification of Principal Financial Officer.
- 101 Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T.
- *Management contract or compensatory plan or agreement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

RAVE RESTAURANT GROUP, INC. (Registrant)

By: /s/ Brandon L. Solano
Brandon L. Solano
Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

By: /s/ Johannes Z. Viljoen
Johannes Z. Viljoen
Interim Head of Finance
(principal financial officer)

Dated: February 1, 2024

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Brandon L. Solano, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. ("the Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 1, 2024 By: /s/ Brandon L. Solano

Brandon L. Solano Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Johannes Z. Viljoen, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. ("the Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 1, 2024

By: /s/ Johannes Z. Viljoen

Johannes Z. Viljoen

Interim Head of Finance (principal financial officer)

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code), the undersigned officer of Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. (the "Company"), does hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 24, 2023 (the "Form 10-Q") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in the Form 10-Q.

Date: February 1, 2024 By: /s/ Brandon L. Solano

Brandon L. Solano Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished as an exhibit to the Form 10-Q pursuant to Item 601(b)(32) of Regulation S-K and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code) and, accordingly, is not being filed as part of the Form 10-Q for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code), the undersigned officer of Rave Restaurant Group, Inc. (the "Company"), does hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 24, 2023 (the "Form 10-Q") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in the Form 10-Q.

Date: February 1, 2024 By: /s/ Johannes Z. Viljoen

Johannes Z. Viljoen Interim Head of Finance (principal financial officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished as an exhibit to the Form 10-Q pursuant to Item 601(b)(32) of Regulation S-K and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code) and, accordingly, is not being filed as part of the Form 10-Q for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.